

sect. 2 Volume: Disc Method

$$V = \pi \int_a^b [R(x)]^2 dx \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{horizontal axis of revolution} \\ \text{(slice is perpendicular to axis)} \end{array}$$

$$V = \pi \int_c^d [R(y)]^2 dy \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{vertical axis of revolution} \\ \text{(slice is perpendicular to axis)} \end{array}$$

Washer Method (disc w/a hole)

$$V = \pi \int_a^b [R(x)]^2 - [r(x)]^2 dx \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{outer radius} - \text{inner radius} \end{array}$$

Volumes of Solids w/known cross sections

1) cross section \perp x-axis

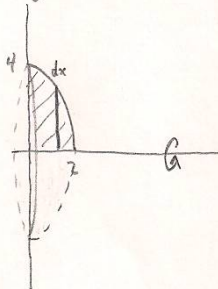
$$V = \int_a^b A(x) dx \quad A(x) \text{ is area of cross section}$$

2) cross section \perp y-axis

$$V = \int_a^b A(y) dy \quad A(y) \text{ is area of cross section}$$

P. 420

2) $y = 4 - x^2$



$$V = \pi \int_0^2 (4 - x^2)^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^2 16 - 8x^2 + x^4 dx$$

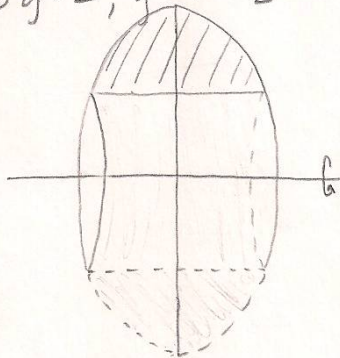
$$V = \pi \left[16x - \frac{8}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \right]_0^2$$

$$V = \pi \left[32 - \frac{64}{3} + \frac{32}{5} \right]$$

$$V = \pi \left[32 - \frac{224}{15} \right]$$

$$V = \frac{256}{15} \pi$$

3) $y = 2, y = 4 - \frac{x^2}{2}$



$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 \left(4 - \frac{x^2}{2}\right)^2 - (2)^2 dx$$

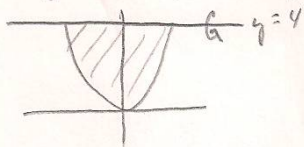
$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 16 - 4x^2 + \frac{x^4}{4} - 4 dx$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 12 - 4x^2 + \frac{x^4}{4} dx$$

$$V = 2\pi \left[12x - \frac{4x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{20} \right]_0^2$$

$$V = 2\pi \left[24 - \frac{32}{3} + \frac{32}{20} \right] = \frac{448}{15} \pi$$

18) $y = x^2, y = 4$ @ $y = 4$



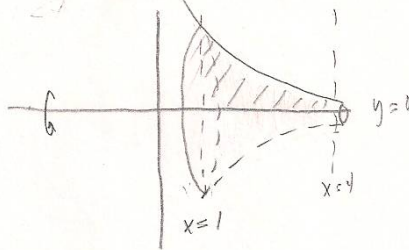
$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 (4 - x^2)^2 dx$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 16 - 8x^2 + x^4 dx$$

$$V = 2\pi \left[16x - \frac{8}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \right]_0^2$$

$$V = 2\pi \left[32 - \frac{64}{3} + \frac{32}{5} \right] = \underline{\underline{\frac{512}{15}\pi}}$$

27) $y = \frac{1}{x}, y = 0, x = 1, x = 4$, @ x -axis

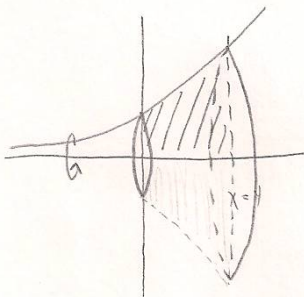


$$V = \pi \int_1^4 \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_1^4 x^{-2} dx$$

$$V = \pi \left[-\frac{1}{x} \right]_1^4 = \pi \left[-\frac{1}{4} + 1 \right] = \underline{\underline{\frac{3}{4}\pi}}$$

30) $y = e^{x/2}, y = 0, x = 0, x = 4$, @ x -axis



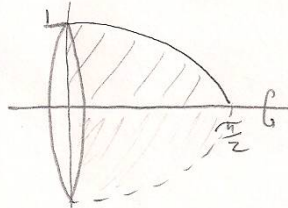
$$V = \pi \int_0^4 (e^{x/2})^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^4 e^x dx$$

$$V = \pi e^x \Big|_0^4$$

$$V = \underline{\underline{\pi(e^4 - 1)}}$$

32) $y = \sqrt{\cos x}, y = 0, x = 0, x = \frac{\pi}{2}$, @ x -axis



$$V = \pi \int_0^{\pi/2} (\sqrt{\cos x})^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx$$

$$V = \pi \sin x \Big|_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$V = \underline{\underline{\pi}}$$