



ALGEBRA

A General Factoring Strategy

1. READ THE EXPRESSION
2. Factor out the Greatest Common Factor (GCF)

$$axz + ax + a = a(xz + x + 1)$$

3. Binomial
 - a. Sum of Squares

$$A^2 + B^2: \text{ DOESNOT FACTOR UNDER REAL NUMBERS}$$

- b. Difference of Squares

$$A^2 - B^2 = (A + B)(A - B)$$

- c. Sum of Cubes

$$A^3 + B^3 = (A + B)(A^2 - AB + B^2)$$

- d. Difference of Cubes

$$A^3 - B^3 = (A - B)(A^2 + AB + B^2)$$

4. Trinomial [the form is $ax^2 + bx + c$]
 - a. Trial & Error – best when leading coefficient “a” is a 1
 - b. AC Method – best when leading coefficient “a” is not a 1
5. Polynomial (four or more terms) – use Grouping

$$\begin{aligned} & ax + bx + ay + by \\ & (ax + bx) + (ay + by) \\ & x(a + b) + y(a + b) \\ & (a + b)(x + y) \end{aligned}$$